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## Industrial features

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## **Abstract**

The main physical and chemical features of the fresh and the used samples from the industrial supplier are given. The industrial catalytic conditions are given resulting in the so-called used catalyst after 9000 hours at 280°C in an industrial gas turbine. ©2000 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

Keywords: SCR standard catalyst; EUROCAT oxide; V2O5-WO3/TiO2; Industrial aspects

The catalysts, which were studied in the round-robin exercise, were kindly supplied in large amounts by Austrian Energy and Environment from Wien in Austria in their monolith form. The support, WO<sub>3</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub>, was supplied in the same form as well. Two samples were supplied, namely the catalyst as synthesised and before any catalytic reaction and which will be designated as *FreshV*<sub>2</sub>*O*<sub>5</sub>–*WO*<sub>3</sub>/*TiO*<sub>2</sub>*catalyst* and the same sample which has been used in a gas turbine operation for 9000 h at 280°C and which will be designed as *UsedV*<sub>2</sub>*O*<sub>5</sub>–*WO*<sub>3</sub>/*TiO*<sub>2</sub>*catalyst*.

The object of the exercise was to characterise more completely the two catalysts and the WO<sub>3</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> support and to determine what modifications could the catalysts have undergone during the 9000 h operation. It is known that such type of catalysts are usually sold by a catalysts supplier for at least 15 000 h operation in a gas turbine. The used catalyst was therefore ex-

pected to represent a material in an optimal steady working state.

Experimental data: The following data were given by Austrian Energy and Environment and should therefore be compared with the data obtained during the round-robin exercise. No information about catalyst preparation was provided to us.

- Catalyst production on: 1 June 1989
- Chemical composition (wt.%)

TiO <sub>2</sub>	78
$WO_3$	9
$V_2O_5$	3.15
$SiO_2$	6.5
$Al_2O_3$	1.5
CaO	1.0
$SO_4^{2-}$	0.85

• Catalytic conditions for the fresh catalyst

	$T$ ( $^{\circ}$ C)	$K_{\rm o}  ({\rm N}  {\rm m}^3  {\rm h}^{-1}  {\rm m}^{-2})$
$NH_3/NO = 1.2$ ,	154	6.9
$H_2O = 10 \text{ vol.}\%$	175	11.0
	203	19.4
	284	52.4

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$NH_3/NO = 1.0,$	280	45.0	Wall thickness	$0.58\mathrm{mm}$
$H_2O = 10 \text{ vol.}\%$			Channel width	3.58 mm
GHSV/Spec. surface		$12.8\mathrm{N}\mathrm{m}\mathrm{h}^{-1}$	Fraction of accessible	69.8%
		$(N  m^3  h^{-1}  m^{-2})$	channel cross sections	
Linear velocity		$2.3{\rm N}{\rm m}{\rm s}^{-1}$	Surface/volume catalyst	$779{\rm m}^{-1}$
• SO <sub>2</sub> conversion to SO <sub>3</sub>	280°C	1.3%	• Working conditions: 9000 h a	t 280°C
• Catalyst parameters with 1 mg SO <sub>3</sub> per N m <sup>3</sup> in the exit				he exit.